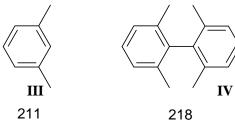
Dr. H.M. Muchall

1. (4 points) How do you explain the fact that λ_{max} for compounds **I** and **II** are vastly different whereas those of III and IV are very similar?

I II 204 nm 246

I and II: II more or less planar, extended conjugation over both rings



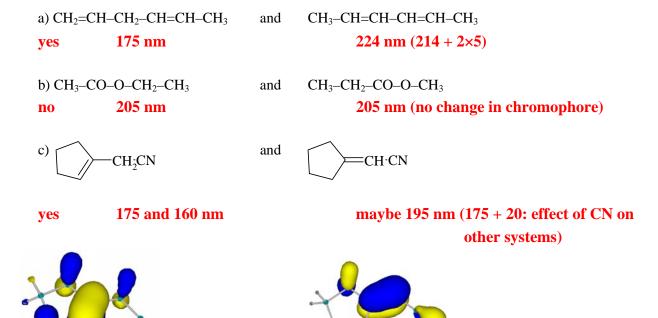
III and IV: IV considerably twisted, conjugation only over one ring as in III;

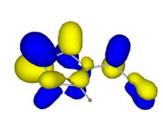
IV is just twice III



For these conjugation issues in acyclic molecules, it is always important to verify planarity or deviation from it. You might want to build the molecules to convince yourself of the twist!

2. (4.5 points) Predict whether UV-VIS spectroscopy can be used to distinguish between the following isomers. Estimate λ_{max} (there may be more than one) for each.





The "yes" here means "can be used". Simply providing the numbers will not get you full points, because the question asks for an evaluation of those numbers ("are the numbers different enough?").

3. (4 points) Can you distinguish between the following three isomeric acids by UV spectroscopy? Use the Woodward-Fieser rules to predict each λ_{max} .

-> cannot distinguish between 2 and 3

4. (3 points) A diene $C_{11}H_{16}$ was thought to have the structure below. Its UV spectrum showed a λ_{max} of 263 nm. Can the structure below be correct? If not, draw a structure with the same skeleton that satisfies the spectral data.

 $214 + 4 \times 5 + 5 = 239$ nm, too far off. Probably due to wrong base system: must be cisoid! 263 - 253 = 10 nm -> 2×5 , 2 alkyl substituents: